## GEOL/I/EC/01(CBCS)

(2)

2016

(CBCS)

**GEOLOGY** 

FIRST PAPER

( General and Structural Geology and Mineralogy )

Full Marks: 75

Time: 3 hours

( PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE )

( *Marks* : 50 )

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer **five** questions, selecting **one** from each Unit

UNIT—I

**1.** Write notes on the following:  $5 \times 2 = 10$ 

- (a) Internal structure of the earth
- (b) Causes and effects of earthquake

**2.** Describe the following:

 $5 \times 2 = 10$ 

5

- (a) Types of plate boundaries
- (b) Planetesimal hypothesis

UNIT—II

- **3.** (a) Explain the steepness of slopes in topographic maps.
  - (b) Explain and illustrate different parts of fold.

**4.** Write short notes on the following :  $2\frac{1}{2} \times 4 = 10$ 

- (a) Thrust fault
- (b) Angular unconformity
- (c) Shear joint
- (d) Importance of dip

Unit—III

**5.** Write notes on any two of the following:

 $5 \times 2 = 10$ 

- (a) Dana's classification of minerals
- (b) Inosilicates
- (c) Fracture and cleavage

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(Turn Over)

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(Continued)

6.	Des	Describe the following : $5\times2=10$			
	(a)	Pyroxene group			
	(b)	Physical properties of biotite a hornblende	nd		
		Unit—IV			
7.	(a)	Describe the optical properties orthoclase and garnet.	of 5		
	(b)	Explain the construction and work principle of Nicol prism.	ing 5		
8.	Write a note on the different optical properties of minerals under plane polarized light and crossed polarized light. 10				
		Unit—V			
9.	Explicate the symmetry elements of isometric system. Draw the axes. Name two crystals of				
	isometric system. 6+2+2=10				
10.	Wri	rite notes on any <i>four</i> of the following $2^{1}$	: ½×4=10		
	(a)	Plane of symmetry			
	(b)	Interfacial angle			
	(c) Law of constancy of interfacial angle				
	(d)	Dome			
	(e)	Compound forms			
		* * *			
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Subject Code: GEOL/I/EC/	01 (CBCS)	Booklet No. <b>A</b>
		Date Stamp
To be filled in by the	Candidate	
CBCS  DEGREE 1st Semester  (Arts / Science / Comn  ) Exam.	1	
Subject Paper		To be filled in by the Candidate
<u> </u>	!	<u>CBCS</u>
INSTRUCTIONS TO CANI	DIDATES	DEGREE 1st Semester
<ol> <li>The Booklet No. of this script should be quoted in the answer script meant for descriptive type questions and vice versa.</li> <li>This paper should be ANSWERED FIRST</li> </ol>		(Arts / Science / Commerce /  ) Exam., <b>2016</b> Roll No.  Regn. No.
and submitted within $\underline{1}$ of the commencement Examination.	<del></del>	Subject
3. While answering the ques booklet, any cutting, en writing or furnishing mo	asing, over-	Paper
writing or furnishing more than one answer is prohibited. Any rough work,		Descriptive Type
if required, should be do the main Answer Book. given in each question followed for answering th	Instructions should be	Booklet No. B
only.		
Signature of Scrutiniser(s)	Signature of Examiner(s)	Signature of Invigilator(s)

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# GEOL/I/EC/01(CBCS)

2016

(CBCS)

### **GEOLOGY**

FIRST PAPER

(General and Structural Geology and Mineralogy)

( PART : A—OBJECTIVE )

( *Marks*: 25)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION—A

( *Marks*: 10)

- **1.** Choose the correct answer and put its number within the brackets provided :  $1 \times 10 = 10$ 
  - (a) The average 'geothermal gradient' of mantle is
    - (i) ~15 °C
    - (ii) ~25 °C
    - (iii) ~35 °C
    - (iv) ~45 °C

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(b)	(b) Transformed plate boundary is formed w				
	(i)	two plates collide with each other	r		
	(ii)	two plates move in opposite direc	ctions		
	(iii)	two plates slide pass one another	r		
	(iv)	None of the above		]	
(c)	c) A compass which has two spirit levels is				
	(i)	Clinometer compass			
	(ii)	Freiberg compass			
	(iii)	Brunton compass			
	(iv)	Silva compass [		]	
(d)	Roc	k that lies beneath a fault surface	e is		
	(i)	footwall			
	(ii)	hanging wall			
	(iii)	slip			
	(iv)	throw [		]	
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(e)	Which among the following minerals belongs to neosilicates?			0
	(i)	Quartz		
	(ii)	Pyroxene		
	(iii)	Biotite		
	(iv)	Olivine	[	]
(f) Which of the following minerals pos conchoidal fracture?				s
	(i)	Biotite		
	(ii)	Quartz		
	(iii)	Hornblende		
	(iv)	Tourmaline	[	]
(g)	(g) In hornblende, the cleavage directions are ar of			e
	(i)	56° and 124°		
	(ii)	54° and 124°		
	(iii)	87° and 103°		
	(iv)	70° and 120°	[	]
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(h)	An isotropic substance has				
	(i)	one optic axis			
	(ii)	two optic axes			
	(iii)	no optic axis			
	(iv)	infinite optic axes	[	]	
(i)	Асъ	ube has			
	(i)	4 faces			
	(ii)	6 faces			
	(iii)	8 faces			
	(iv)	12 faces	[	]	
<i>(j)</i>	The	junction of three or more faces is	known as	8	
	(i)	edge			
	(ii)	zone			
	(iii)	solid angle			
	(iv)	interfacial angle	[	]	
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# SECTION—B

( *Marks*: 15)

**2.** Write on/Answer *one* from each Unit :  $3\times5=15$ 

Unit—I

(a) Scope of geology

(b) Big Bang theory

# UNIT—II

(c) "Outcrop is considered as fundamental element of geology". Explain.

(d) Significance of unconformity

(7)

UNIT—III

(e) Phyllosilicates

(f) Tenacity

(8)

UNIT—IV

(g) Polarized light

(h) Extinction angle

(9)

UNIT-V

(i) Law of constancy of axial ratio

(j) Axis of symmetry

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