2013

(2nd Semester)

GEOLOGY

SECOND PAPER

[Crystallography and Mineralogy]

(PART : A—OBJECTIVE)

(Marks : 20)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

SECTION-A

(Multiple Choice)

(Marks : 5)

- 1. Choose the correct answer and put its number within the brackets provided: 1×5=5
 - (a) Uranium is a
 - (i) precious metal
 - (ii) light metal
 - (iii) nuclear metal
 - (iv) steel-industry metal

(b)	Whi	ich of the following choidal fracture?	minerals	has a
	(i)	Biotite		
	(ii)	Olivine		
	(iii)	Quartz		
	(iv)	None of the above	[-]
(c)	Min hex	erals that crystallize in agonal crystal systems	the tetrago are	nal and
	(i)	biaxial minerals		
	(ii)	uniaxial minerals		
	(iii)	isotropic minerals		
	1 18			
	(iv)	anisotropic minerals]
II/GEOL (i	i) /33 2	www.gzrsc.ed	u.in	

(d)	(d) The maximum number of planes of symmetric found in			
	(i)	isotropic		
		x x		
	(ii)	tetragonal		
	25. 25.			
	(iii)	hexagonal		
	(iv)	triclinic [
(e)	Fus of	ed glass discs are prepared for the analysis	S	
	(i)	major elements		
	(ii)	trace elements		
	(iii)	REE		
	(iv)	None of the above		
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SECTION—B
(Very Short Answer)
(Marks: 15)

2. Define the following:

 $3 \times 5 = 15$

(a) Gossan and placer deposits

(b) Hardness and tenacity

(c) Isotropic and anisotropic substances

(d) Miller indices

(e) Rare earth elements

II/GEOL (ii)

2013

(2nd Semester)

GEOLOGY

SECOND PAPER

(Crystallography and Mineralogy)

Full Marks: 55

Time: 2 hours

(PART : B—DESCRIPTIVE)

(Marks: 35)

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions

Answer **five** questions, taking **one** from each Unit

UNIT-I

- 1. Write notes on any two of the following: $3\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 7$
 - (a) Oxidation and supergene enrichment
 - (b) Hydrothermal deposits
 - (c) Sedimentation

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(Turn Over)

2.		Define mineral. Write notes on any <i>two</i> of the following: 1+3+3=7						
	(a)	Habit						
	(b)	Cleavage						
	(c)	Fracture						
		Unit—II						
3.	Wri	te short notes on the following:	3½×2=7					
	(a)	Molecular weight						
	(b)	Atomic bonding						
4.		te the physical properties of any two o						
	follo	owing minerals:	3½×2=7					
	(a)	Orthoclase						
	(b)	Hornblende						
	(c)	Calcite						
		UNIT—III						

7

5. Explain different optical properties of minerals observed under plane polarized

light.

6. Answer the following:

- (a) Write the optical properties of the following minerals: 2+2=4
 - (i) Garnet
 - (ii) Hypersthene
- (b) Explain why a grain of an isotropic substance will remain extinct on the microscope stage when both the analysers are inserted on the polarizing microscope.

UNIT---IV

- 7. Describe the symmetry elements of 'hexagonal system'. Name two minerals crystallizing in the hexagonal system. 6+1=7
- **8.** Answer/Write detailed notes on any *two* of the following: $3\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 7$
 - (a) Determination of face symbols using Miller indices
 - (b) Draw a neat and labeled sketch showing parts of crystals.
 - (c) Types of crystal forms

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3

UNIT-V

9. List the important 'analytical technique methods'. What are their main objectives? Describe the principle of any one technique.

2+2+3=7

10. Write short notes on the following:

11/2+11/2+2+1+1=7

- (a) Precision of data
- (b) Detection limit
- (c) Detectors
- (d) Bragg's equation
- (e) Secondary beam
